

Lecture 43

Jaynes - Cummings Hamiltonian

$$\hat{H} = \underbrace{\hbar\omega_r \left(\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} + \frac{1}{2} \right)}_{\text{a free harmonic oscillator (EM field)}} + \underbrace{\frac{\hbar\Omega}{2} \hat{\sigma}_z}_{\text{2 level system (spin)}} + \underbrace{\hbar g (\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\sigma}^- + \hat{a} \hat{\sigma}^+)}_{\text{coupling}}$$

States $| \uparrow \rangle \otimes | n \rangle$ & $| \downarrow \rangle \otimes | n \rangle$

$$\hat{H} | \uparrow, n \rangle = \left(\hbar\omega_r \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{\hbar\Omega}{2} \right) | \uparrow, n \rangle + \sqrt{n+1} \hbar g | \downarrow, n+1 \rangle$$

$$\hat{H} | \downarrow, n+1 \rangle = \left(\hbar\omega_r \left(n + \frac{3}{2} \right) + \frac{\hbar\Omega}{2} (-1) \right) | \downarrow, n+1 \rangle + \sqrt{n+1} \hbar g | \uparrow, n \rangle$$

Only states $| \uparrow, n \rangle$ & $| \downarrow, n+1 \rangle$ are mixed

$$\begin{pmatrix} \hbar\omega_r \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{\Omega}{2} & g\sqrt{n+1} \\ g\sqrt{n+1} & \omega_r \left(n + \frac{3}{2} \right) - \frac{\Omega}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} | \uparrow, n \rangle \\ | \downarrow, n+1 \rangle \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{\hbar}{2} \left(\omega_r + \frac{\Omega}{2} \right) \begin{pmatrix} \Delta/2 & g\sqrt{n+1} \\ g\sqrt{n+1} & -\Delta/2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} | \uparrow, n \rangle \\ | \downarrow, n+1 \rangle \end{pmatrix}$$

43.2

$|\alpha\rangle$

states ;

$$\hat{H}_{2 \times 2} |\alpha\rangle = E_\alpha |\alpha\rangle$$

$|\beta\rangle$

$$\hat{H}_{2 \times 2} |\beta\rangle = E_\beta |\beta\rangle$$

Characteristic equation

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\Delta}{2} - \lambda & g\sqrt{n+1} \\ g\sqrt{n+1} & -\frac{\Delta}{2} - \lambda \end{pmatrix} = -\left(\frac{\Delta^2}{4} - \lambda^2\right) - g^2(n+1) = 0$$

$$\lambda = \sqrt{g^2(n+1) + \frac{\Delta^2}{4}}$$

$$\Delta^2 \rightarrow g^2(n+1)$$

$$\lambda = \frac{\Delta}{2} + \frac{g^2(n+1)}{\Delta}$$

$$E = \hbar\omega_r(n+1) \pm \hbar\lambda$$

$$E_n = \frac{-\hbar\omega_r + \hbar\Omega}{2} \pm \frac{g^2(n+1)}{\Delta} + \hbar\omega_r(n+1)$$

$$|\alpha\rangle = \cos\theta_n |\uparrow, n\rangle + \sin\theta_n |\downarrow, n+1\rangle = \hbar\omega_r(n+\frac{1}{2}) + \frac{\hbar\Omega}{2}$$

$$|\beta\rangle = -\sin\theta_n |\uparrow, n\rangle + \cos\theta_n |\downarrow, n+1\rangle + \frac{g^2(n+\frac{1}{2})}{\Delta} + \frac{g^2}{2\Delta} \hbar\omega_r(n+\frac{3}{2}) - \frac{\hbar\Omega}{2}$$

$$\cos\theta_n \left(\omega_r(n+\frac{1}{2}) + \frac{\Omega}{2} \right) |\uparrow, n\rangle + \cos\theta_n (g\sqrt{n+1}) |\downarrow, n+1\rangle + \sin\theta_n \left(\omega_r(n+\frac{3}{2}) + \frac{\Omega}{2} \right) |\downarrow, n+1\rangle + \sin\theta_n (g\sqrt{n+1}) |\uparrow, n\rangle$$

$$= \omega_r(n+1) \cos\theta |\uparrow, n\rangle + \lambda \cos\theta_n |\uparrow, n\rangle$$

$$\omega_r(n+1) \sin\theta |\downarrow, n+1\rangle + \lambda \sin\theta_n |\downarrow, n+1\rangle$$

(Stark + Lamb shift)

43.3

$$\cos \theta_n \left(\frac{\Delta}{2} - \lambda \right) + \sin \theta_n (g\sqrt{n+1}) = 0$$

$$\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \tan \theta_n = \frac{g\sqrt{n+1}}{\frac{\Delta}{2} - \lambda} \quad g\sqrt{n} \frac{-\frac{\Delta}{2} + \lambda}{g\sqrt{n+1}}$$

$$\cos \theta_n g\sqrt{n+1} + \left(\frac{\Delta}{2} + \lambda \right) \sin \theta = 0$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{g\sqrt{n+1}}{\frac{\Delta}{2} + \lambda}$$

$$\tan \theta_1 = \tan \theta_2$$

$$\left(\lambda - \frac{\Delta}{2} \right) \left(\lambda + \frac{\Delta}{2} \right) = g^2(n+1)$$

$$\lambda^2 - \frac{\Delta^2}{4} = g^2(n+1) \text{ satisfied!}$$

$$\Delta = 0 \quad \tan \theta = 1$$

resonance

$$\begin{aligned} |\alpha(t)\rangle &= e^{-iE_\alpha t/\hbar} |\alpha(0)\rangle \\ |\beta(t)\rangle &= e^{-iE_\beta t/\hbar} |\beta(0)\rangle \end{aligned}$$

Start in $|\uparrow, n\rangle$

$$|\uparrow, n\rangle = \cos^2 \theta |\alpha\rangle + \sin \theta |\beta\rangle$$

$$S_z = \frac{\hbar}{2} \langle \hat{\sigma}_z \rangle = \frac{\hbar}{2} \langle \alpha(t) | \cos \theta + \langle \beta(t) | \sin \theta \rangle \hat{\sigma}_z (\cos \theta |\alpha(t)\rangle - \sin \theta |\beta(t)\rangle)$$

$$= \frac{\hbar}{2} \left(\langle \alpha(t) | \cos \theta + \langle \beta(t) | \sin \theta \right) \hat{\sigma}_z \left(\cos \theta |\alpha(t)\rangle - \sin \theta |\beta(t)\rangle \right)$$

$$= \frac{\hbar}{2} \cos^2 \theta \langle \uparrow | e^{iE_\alpha t/\hbar} + \sin \theta \cos \theta \langle \downarrow | e^{iE_\alpha t/\hbar}$$

43.9

$$|\uparrow, n(t)\rangle = \cos\theta e^{-iE_\alpha t/\hbar} |\alpha(0)\rangle + \sin\theta e^{-iE_\beta t/\hbar} |\beta(0)\rangle$$

$$= \cos^2\theta e^{-iE_\alpha t/\hbar} |\uparrow, n(0)\rangle + \cos\theta \sin\theta e^{-iE_\alpha t/\hbar} |\downarrow, n+1, 0\rangle + \sin^2\theta e^{-iE_\beta t/\hbar} |\uparrow, n(0)\rangle - \cos\theta \sin\theta e^{-iE_\beta t/\hbar} |\downarrow, n+1, 0\rangle$$

$$= \left(\cos^2\theta e^{-iE_\alpha t/\hbar} + \sin^2\theta e^{-iE_\beta t/\hbar} \right) |\uparrow, n\rangle + \left(\cos\theta \sin\theta e^{-iE_\alpha t/\hbar} - e^{-iE_\beta t/\hbar} \right) |\downarrow, n+1\rangle$$

$$\langle S_z \rangle = \left(\cos^2\theta e^{\frac{1+\cos 2\theta}{2} - i\lambda t} + \sin^2\theta e^{\frac{1-\cos 2\theta}{2} + i\lambda t} \right) |\uparrow, n\rangle + \cos\theta \sin\theta \left(e^{-i\lambda t} - e^{+i\lambda t} \right) |\downarrow, n+1\rangle$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cos \lambda t + i(\cos 2\theta + \sin 2\theta) \sin \lambda t$$

Resonance $\lambda = g\sqrt{n+1}, \quad \theta = \frac{\lambda}{4}$

$\langle S_z \rangle$

43.5

$$|1, h(t)\rangle = \left(\cos \lambda t + \frac{\cos 2\theta}{2} (e^{-i\lambda t} + e^{i\lambda t}) \right) |1, h(0)\rangle \\ + \left(\frac{\sin 2\theta}{2} (e^{-i\lambda t} - e^{i\lambda t}) \right) |1, h+1; 10\rangle$$

$$\theta = \frac{\Omega}{\gamma}, \quad \langle S_z \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \left(\cos^2 \lambda t + \sin^2 \lambda t \right) \quad \lambda = g \sqrt{h+1}$$

" Ω at resonance.